

DEVİRİMCİ SOL

(REVOLUTIONARY LEFT)



Special Issue

Revolutionary political review about Turkey and Kurdistan

No: 1

Date: 23th May, 1995

WE ARE SPREADING THE FIGHT

AFTER GAZI, NURTEPE AND OKMEYDANI

TOMORROW WE WILL BE ALL OVER THE COUNTRY

Our people are gaining experience in the fight.

On the 20th May 1995 Istanbul again lived through an attack of the fascist MHP, which is one of the arms of the counter guerillas, the police and also again the Resistance of the people. The whole of the Istanbul, all of Turkey and Kurdistan once again echoed with the people freedom slogans that were voiced under the leadership of the Party-Front. Before the blood of the Merters of heroic Gazi uprising had dried the state, obviously finding the retaliation when they attacked the Gazi people insufficient. This time the official police forces together with the fascist MHP attacked the Nurtepe people.

NURTEPE

At 19:00hrs, a white Sahin model vehicle and a red Tempra model vehicle (registration number UCF82) came to Nurtepe. The fascist attempted to give a warning to the people by making fascist gestures and shouting fascist slogans where upon, under the leadership of the members and supporters of the Revolutionary People's Liberation Party the people stoned the fascists. The fascists shouted «We'll see you in 10 minutes.» They then shoot at the people throwing stones. Those who did the shooting were the fascists the Kagithane Ülkü Ocaklari (fascist organisation) and were under the protection of the police. After the shooting the official police car followed them ensuring they safely left the area again.

The most interesting thing is that prior to the incident the police who were high in numbers in

the area, all left the area prior to the attack. At 20:00hrs the supporters of the Revolutionary People's Liberation Front decided to hold a march in protest of the attack and with placards saying «WE WILL DROWN FASCISM IN THE BLOOD IT HAS SPILT» and signed by the Nurtepe, Güzeltepe People they began the march. As the march proceeded the number of the people increased. After the march in order to hold a meeting and to demonstrate they went to the front of Dilan Cafeterias.

At the 23:30hrs with the increase of participation of the people, the protest had spread to all over Nurtepe. As a fascism's new provocation had met with a stronger retaliation from the people, the police began to prepare for a further attack Revolutionary People's Liberation Front built the first barricades against the police attack.

The people's barricades in great anger defend against the enemy and were together with the revolutionaries. The increase of the people's numbers was continuing. With the announcement of the attack on various TV and radio channels, people from different areas started to flock into Nurtepe.

A section of the people who had come from Bahçelievler, İkitelli and many other neighbourhoods were taken behind the barricades.

At 11:30hrs the police deliberately closed off the Nurtepe-Güzeltepe entrance in order to prevent the other areas in particular Alibeyköy from join the Nurtepe people. Hundreds of people who had come from Alibeyköy could not get inside the resistance area. The revolutionaries in order to prevent the police's intervention built barricades in the streets.

At 12:30hrs the police with the support vehicles attempted to attacks barricades. However as the people squashed this attack with stones and clubs they retreated and started to wait. They began to look for ways to come to an agreement. As they did not give the relevant response to the demands of the people, they did not step back, but against the determination and enthusiasm of the people the police withdrew.

At 4:30hrs the enemy against the revolutionaries once again retreated. The barricades were only lifted when the police agreed to the demands of the people that after the barricades been lifted nobody was going to be detained, that the police were going to retreat and the offenders were going to be found.

Whilst the barricades were being lifted the supporters of the Revolutionary People's Liberation Front petrol bombed the road.

The people of Nurtepe were more free. Nurtepe had got rid of the tiredness of the years they had become one with our martyrs. Now, the people of the whole world was going to talk about the victory of our martyrs and the Revolutionary People's Liberation Party-Front.

THE PEOPLE ARE UNITING IN OKMEYDANI

At 20:00hrs when news came from Nurtepe of the fascist attack, the fighters of the Revolutionary People's Liberation Party-Front acted in order to inform the people of what was happening, so as to strengthen the Nurtepe people's resistance and to spread the fight to the Okmeydani Front. They began coming together at the «Resistance Park».

At 21:30hrs the people of all ages, nationality and belief who had gathered at the Resistance Park under the leadership the Revolutionary People's Liberation Party-Front fighters started to march shouting Party-Front slogans in support of the Nurtepe resistance and in protest of the fascist attack. Going through the streets of Piyalepasa, Kervan and Kuzey they arrived at the Anadolu (Sark) cafe at the entrance of Okmeydani. From here they wanted to get to Nurtepe but the police had built a barricade. The people marched and with the slogan of «Kizildere

is not the end, the fighting continues» in order to get through the police barricade. Police started to fire one of the left groups within the march run away in panic and never came back again. Only the Revolutionary People's Liberation Front fighters and the people that they were leading remained. The fighters of the Revolutionary People's Liberation Front attacked the police barricade which petrol bombs and clubs. During this attack all of the police vehicles was destroyed and the chief of police was injured. A tooth for a tooth battle was lived through with the police. The people no longer feared the bullets of the police children, women, everyone had played an active role. They were courageous, they were courageous enough to approach a police bus and write on it «fascist».

Also three of the cars of the torturer from the political branch were destroyed.

Despite the close and mass heated clash that took place the barricade could not be overcome therefore in a planned, systematic way with military discipline barricades were built and along the roads slogans were written. They gathered at the Resistance Park and at all enhances to the park they built barricades.

The enemy did not have the courage to the attack. The people who had gathered at Resistance Park supported the Nurtepe peoples resistance with great enthusiasm and looked upon their resistance as their own resistance. Patiently they started to wait for the conclusion of the Nurtepe people's resistance. Through the direct communication that was established with Nurtepe they were able to learn all the developments as they took place.

As 5:00hrs when they learnt that all of the demands of the Nurtepe people had been accepted and that the resistance had ended all of the people was the Nurtepe people's victory as their own victory and they had seen that to achieve victory through the determination and righting of the united people's forces was not that difficult. With dances, and with the Party and the Front's marches and slogans.

They dispersed and ended the barricade resistance the intention of gathering again a few hours later.

GAZI NEIGHBOURHOOD

At 21:30hrs the Revolutionary People's Liberation Party-Front fighters received news of the attack made upon Nurtepe by the fascists. Immediately they went from house to house informing the people and calling them to protest, meanwhile they also informed other left wing groups. Our fighters and the people who had lived through the Gazi Uprising were now more experienced at fighting. Particularly our women, who became conscience of their own resistance, responded to the call in cool and determined manor. They took active parts. The Party-Front fighters gave their word in response the people concern about security, stating that they would do whatever was necessary, that all necessary steps had been taken, that the step taken had been in accordance with our strength and abilities but together they would overcome all problems that they were confronted with.

In answer to the call they began to gather outside the Cemevi. With the participation of the others left groups a joint organisation was established. The streets had been taken under control. Barricades had been built and in various places committees were for. The police were unable to approach the barricades.

The management of the Cemevi wanted to close down when the police made threats on the telephone of, «close down the Cemevi». The people oppressed the closing down of the Cemevi became of the oppression of the enemy. Despite the fact that the Cemevi management left the Cemevi was kept open.

The Revolutionary People's Liberation Front fighters showed a great example in discipline whilst organising the barricades and the resistance. They had learnt important lessons during the Gazi uprising. Live contact was being maintained with the Nurtepe uprising.

At 01:00hrs the joint organising committee, except for the Party-Front made a proposal of a march to Nurtepe. The Party-Front stated that this was unnecessary that it would not be possible to overcome the police barricades, besides that it was more important to spread the barricades fights further, that the best form of support for Nurtepe was through the Gazi front barricade

fight, that the continue the barricade and to accept the demands of the Nurtepe people as the demands of the Gazi people. The wives of the DHKC was agreed upon and the Gazi barricade was continued.

At 01:30hrs after the unity of the Gazi people with the Nurtepe people was ascertained and the enemy was it own hopelessness they asked through the Kaymakam (head officer of the district) what the demands were. Besides the three main demands of Nurtepe the following demands were also put forward; Nobody from Gazi was going to be detained either, there was going to be no attacks or intervention, that it was insufficiently that only the three fascist related to Nurtepe being detained, that all fascist were to be caught and punished. That our people who were detained at Gazi prior to the barricades should be released. However, the main condition was that it should be clearly and precisely stated whether the demands of Nurtepe was going to be accepted.

At 5:00hrs when it became clear either through their own determination or by the disclosure of the enemy that the peoples demands had been accepted and that the resistance had ended, they too ended the barricades resistance with dances, marches and slogans. The resistance which then became a celebration continued until 08:00hrs. Nurtepe, Okmeydani, Gazi had become one neighbourhood, one sheet, one family. Against the enemy they had been together, with their filmed, their hearts, with their weapons they had resisted in unity, they has become angry in unity, they had become happy in unity and how in unity they had separated to prepare for greater fights and for greater unites.

THE ENEMY WAS DEFEATED

ONCE AGAIN NURTEPE, OKMEYDANI AND GAZI PEOPLE

Just if they gave their sons for the freedom of the Gazi people, the people of Nurtepe and Okmeydani did as much as well. In the bricks and cement of every house in Nurtepe one can find the labour of our martyrs. Starting from prior to the 12th September 1980 and Hüseyin Aksoy many have become martyrs. In every streets, in every house of Okmeydani there are the

memories of our fights, our leadership and martyrs. The names of our martyrs have become part of victory songs. They are in the mournings of the mothers. In fact the Istanbul ghetto have stood up through the struggles of our martyrs, they have held up their heads and today in order to defend their honour against the enemy they are fighting and when they are fighting they are showing the people. What is to be done. The basic provocation is now backfiring and every attack of fascism is receiving necessary retaliation. The attitude of the enemy from day to day is turning into that on defeat and is moving towards collapse and nonexistence, thus in one sense announcing the people's victory. A part from a handful of collaborating traitors who are the enemies of labour, the people of national honour and of the enemy of the nation, all of the people are learning to fight. As the fight goes on experience is being gained and we will see that this fight will spread all over Anatolia, we will see that our spilt blood was not invalid, that the corrupt, rotting system will come to an end and the establishment of the Revolutionary Peoples Power. Our hundreds of martyrs, pains, foremostly are not so surrendering to fascism and our fighting at a more dense level against the massacre of the people. We the conveyed determination of the Gazi people and their enthusiasm to Nurtepe and Okmeydani this shows how rapidly we are moving towards victory.

LET US SPREAD THE FIGHT.

They are going to attack.

They will spill a lot more blood. In order for the enemy to defend it's own there is no other way if we do not spread the fight further and if we do not participate more effectively in this fight with everything we have and if we do not teach our enemy the necessary lesson, more so if we do not destroy their state mechanism we will more of our blood will be spilt, more of our people will take their share of oppression, persecution and exploitation.

LET US HIT OUT FOR VICTORY.

The enemy and collaborators are living in our neighbourhood, they are at our work places, in

our village, in our schools and almost everywhere. It is compelling and arm against the enemy. To exert a force full blow at the enemy passes through every small protest, by making everything that is against the people, and that serves fascism ineffective and nonexistent. At every opportunity, small or big actions let us hit out at the enemy.

Let us destroy the fascist Nests.

Let us hit out at all the fascist state establishments and their managers, parties, official and unofficial security forces, which are serving fascism.

Let us organise, it is no longer a secret to anger of when, where and how fascism is going to attack. It will not be resistant when the opportunity to massacre us wherever possible, or to detain thousands of us and subject us to torture or from imprisonment us. Therefore starting from our homes, our neighbourhood, our street, our work places and schools let us organise.

Let us form struggle and organising committees against fascism.

The formation of struggle and organising committee will give us a strong hold against any limed of attack by the enemy, it will prevent the people from remaining helpless against states fascist attacks.

When we organise within the struggle and organising committees then despite the superior technical and financial sources of the enemy we will be able to make greater blows against the enemy through the endless creative force of our people's self-sacrifice and the united sources that are established from the little they have. This organising will secure the conditions of being able to quickly come together against any form of attack by the state and to retaliate in the correct way towards the enemy.

Today, it is the people foremost right to form all kinds of organisation, armed or unarmed and to struggle with every kind of method against the attacks of the state.

We greet our people.

We as the DHKC salute those who spoilt the games of the enemy through a local uprising the

Gazi people who played an important role in the development of our revolutionary fight, those who had the necessary conscience to spread this fight all over the country, those who proved this through their resistance and the people of Nurtepe and Okmeydani who took upon their shoulders a for greater role in the people resistance an uprising. We salute the heroic uprising and resistance who did not surrender to the enemy but made the enemy retreat. Now there are the people of Gazi, Nurtepe and Okmeydani who are experienced in uprising and resisting, who have now know the enemy more closely and now know what is to be done and how to do it better. We know that we did not easily arrive to this day. We arrived to this point through one resistance at a time, through the martyrs that we have given over the years, through the tooth for a tooth battles we fought, through the one by one clashes, giving martyrs all the time. Now the guns of our martyrs fired in the mountains are

being echoed in the streets. The streets have been watered with our blood, but we continued to give martyrs. We died armed and unarmed. And we arrived at today. Now we are thousands, our children, our women, our elders we are with you all. Our martyrs are war flags in your hands. You have become people who resist, fight and have gained experience in fighting. However, you cannot think only as Gazi, Nurtepe, Okmeydani. Today, just like you resist for Nurtepe, just as you see their demands as your demands, you must also see that all of the peoples problems, demands, resistance against our countries imperialism and fascism as yours.

No matter what section of our people are subjected to oppression and persecution you must see it as done to you. Now there is a duty to spread the fight to all over the country. And we will succeed.

Our people who do not surrender to the Persecutor and to persecution.

Where you are:

ORGANISE AGAINST FASCISM IN THE STRUGGLE AND ORGANISING COMMITTEES,
JOIN AND SUPPORT THE GUERRILLA TEAMS;
DO NOT DO MILITARY SERVICE TO THE FASCIST STATE;
SUPPORT AND STRENGTHEN FINANCIALLY AND IDEOLOGICALLY
THE REVOLUTIONARY PEOPLE'S LIBERATION FRONT.

GAZI UPRISING IS OUR HONOUR, WE ARE CARRYING THIS TO NURTEPE AND OKMEYDANI.

THE UPRISING AND RESISTANCE WE WILL SPREAD ALL OVER THE COUNTRY
WE WILL UNITE OUR PEOPLE

LONG LIVE THE NURTEPE AND OKMEYDANI RESISTANCE.

UNITE UNDER THE REVOLUTIONARY PEOPLES LIBERATION FRONT,
FIGHT AND WIN.

REVOLUTIONARY PEOPLE'S LIBERATION FRONT
May 21, 1995